



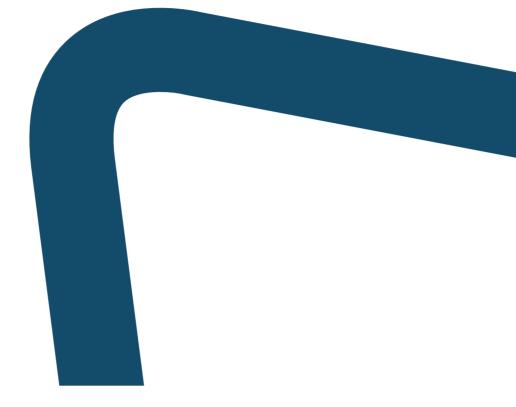
REPORT TO THE MINISTER OF LOCAL **GOVERNMENT AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

ON THE 2021 BY-ELECTIONS









Report to

THE MINISTER OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

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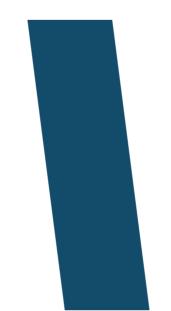


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The Honourable Minister
Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development
Private Bag 006
Gaborone

The Honourable Minister,

In accordance with Section 65 A (13) of the Constitution of Botswana, we are submitting to you on behalf of the Commission, a report on the activities associated with the preparations for, and conduct of the 2021 Local Government by-elections in the Nkange North, Tumasera-Seleka, Tamasane, Ga-Molopo, Motokwe, Moshupa-East, Boseja-South, Lentsweletau West, Lorolwane, Metsimotlhabe and Khwee Polling Districts following the passing away of their respective Councillors.

On the 11th November 2021, the Honourable Minister of Local Government and Rural Development issued eleven (11) Election Instruments pursuant to Sections 154 (1) of the Electoral Act for the nomination and election of representatives of Local Authorities. Additionally, the instruments designated 26th November 2021 as Nomination Day and 18th December 2021 as Polling Day.

The by-elections for the Local Authorities were held on the 18th December 2021 across the 11 polling districts.

We now have the pleasure to submit our report on these elections.

Yours sincerely,

Honourable Justice A. B. Tafa
Chairman
INDEPENDENT ELECTORAL COMMISSION

Ms D. L. Serumula Acting Secretary Independent Electoral Commission



Foreword

The Independent Electoral Commission (IEC) is proud to have delivered credible by-elections on the 18th of December 2021 during the advent of the Omicron Covid-19 virus across the country. The Electoral Commission is elated to not only have met its legislative mandate but also to have contributed to the protection of the citizens by ensuring strict adherence to the Covid-19 health protocols during the execution of the electoral processes.

The by-elections were another uncompromising test to electoral democracy. Once again, the elections were conducted well and the Commission was able to announce the results within the expected timeframe, six (6) hours from close of poll.

The by-elections were very peaceful and violence-free with no accusations of intolerance reported. However, they did not come without their own set of challenges and threats. One such challenge was the reduced turnout of voters in many of the polling stations. There is need to reverse this trend and bring voters, particularly young people into the democratic process.

Successful elections are a collective effort, and on behalf of the Commission, I would like to thank and sincerely appreciate all the stakeholders and partners who made these elections possible. These include and not limited to:

- · Political parties,
- · Civil Society Organisations,
- Traditional Leaders,
- Religious Organisations,
- Faith-Based Organisations,
- Media,
- · Service providers.

To my fellow Commissioners, staff of the Secretariat to the Commission and poll staff, thank you for continuing the legacy of integrity, professionalism and the quest for excellence.

The final word of thanks goes to the voters in the various polling districts who continue to believe in the democracy of our country and willingly fulfilled their responsibility, by casting a vote. Le kamoso bagaetsho Thank you.

Justice Abednego B. Tafa Chairperson, IEC

Introduction and Background

For a number of reasons, the 2021 by-elections were unprecedented and challenging. To begin with, they were the first to be conducted amid the threat of a pandemic (Covid-19). Secondly, as a result of the declaration of a State of Emergency and the regulation promulgated thereafter, the IEC was compelled to simultaneously conduct the 11 by-elections within extremely tight budgetary constraints.

However, to ensure the success of the by-elections, the IEC needed to leverage on its organisational strategy and existing legal frameworks. As demonstrated throughout this report, all the 11 by-elections were successfully conducted, and where difficulties arose, prompt resolutions were sought to ensure that no citizen was disenfranchised.

Background

The IEC was established in 1997 through Section 65A of the Constitution of Botswana. It comprises seven (7) members headed by a Chairperson who is a sitting judge of the High Court, deputised by a Legal Practitioner. The two are appointed directly by the Judicial Service Commission (JSC), whilst the other five members are also appointed by the JSC from a shortlist of persons recommended by the All Party Conference. The Commission serves for two (2) consecutive terms of Parliament. Currently, the Commission has a vacancy due to the resignation of one of the Commissioners. The Commission's responsibilities, as defined in Section 65A (12) of the Constitution, are as follows:

- To conduct and supervise elections for members of the National Assembly and Local Authorities;
- To conduct referenda;
- To ensure that elections are conducted efficiently, properly, freely, and fairly;
- To give instructions and directions to the Secretary to the Commission regarding their responsibilities under the Constitution and electoral laws in general; and
- To perform such other functions as may be prescribed by an Act of Parliament.

Legal Framework

The Constitution of Botswana, the Electoral Act and the Local Government Act, laid the groundwork and provided guidance for the successful conduct of credible by-elections.

Constitution of Botswana

Botswana's Constitution provides for the establishment of the Independent Electoral Commission and the appointment of its Secretary. It also bestows upon the commission the responsibility of ensuring that elections are conducted efficiently, properly, freely, and fairly.

Electoral Act

The Electoral Act details the electoral processes,

Local Government Act

The Local Government Act establishes eligibility requirements for Local Government Election candidates and the timeframe for filling a Local Government vacancy.

PRE-BY ELECTION PHASE

Sensitisation and Outreach

To expand voter education, workshops for Party Liaison Committees (PLCs), People with Disabilities, and Kgotla meetings for the various affected constituents were held. The workshops were meant to share critical information on electoral processes and the location of various Polling stations. Additionally, the Commission held sensitisation workshops for poll staff, candidates, and Polling Agents to ensure that all stakeholders were adequately prepared and equipped for the by-elections.

Issuance of duplicate Cards

In order to ensure greater participation by citizens in the by-elections, duplicate voter registration cards were issued throughout all regional offices as well as strategically located areas for those who had misplaced or lost their originals prior to the by-elections.

Media and Elections

Recognising the media's role in elections, the Commission launched targeted communication efforts to keep all stakeholders informed about the by- elections and the electoral process. The Commission, in particular, conducted media campaigns via social media platforms, radio, television, and print media.

Radio & Television

Due to their widespread coverage, Radio Botswana (RB) and Botswana Television (BTV) were extensively used to sensitise the general citizenry throughout the country about the by-elections.

Newspapers

The Commission utilised a variety of newspapers as part of its publicity strategy in order to reach out to the general public. Due to their long news cycle and widespread distribution, newspapers carried publicity messages about by-elections and electoral processes.

Social Media

The IEC Facebook Page, the BW Government Facebook Page, and other social media platforms were used to reach out to young people and encourage them to vote in the by-elections.

RECRUITMENT OF ELECTION OFFICIALS

Poll Staff

Two hundred and Forty-Six (246) public officers were hired as poll staff, with eleven (11) and Forty-Four (44) appointed as Returning Officers and Assistant Returning Officers, respectively. The remaining officers served as Presiding, Polling, and Tallying Officers. All poll staff members were trained to conduct polling efficiently and effectively.

Logistics

Logistical planning as a key process required the Commission to timeously put in place effective measures to ensure a coordinated and inclusive approach in the delivery of the 2021 by-elections. The planning process encompassed the acquisition, packaging, and distribution of election materials, as well as the sourcing of transportation to facilitate the elections.

Ballot Papers

A tender was awarded to Botswana Government Printing and Publishing Services, for the printing of Twenty-two Thousand, Eight Hundred and Seventy-five (22,875) ballot papers. The ballot papers were successfully printed and delivered on time.

Polling Booths

Sixty-Three (63) specially designed booths were distributed throughout the affected Polling Districts in order to ensure that all voters, including those with special needs, were able to vote freely and secretly.

Distribution

All election materials were distributed on time to ensure the smooth conduct of the by-elections. Returning Officers collected ballot papers for distribution to Polling Districts. Other election materials were distributed in an equitable manner to all polling stations. Fifty-Nine (59) vehicles were sourced from various Government Ministries and Departments, as well as Local Authorities, for the 2021 by- elections.

ELECTION PHASE

Nominations

On the 18 November 2021, nominations for the 11 polling districts were received in accordance with Section 35 of the Electoral Act. A total of 30 candidates were duly nominated to contest in the by-elections. Only five (5) of the total were female.

Figure 1 depicts the number of polling districts contested by each political party and independent candidates by gender. The Botswana Democratic Party (BDP) was the only political party that fielded candidates in all eleven (11) polling districts, with the Umbrella for Democratic Change (UDC) coming in second with eight (8). Only five candidates were fielded by the other parties. There were five independent candidates that qualified to run in the by-elections.

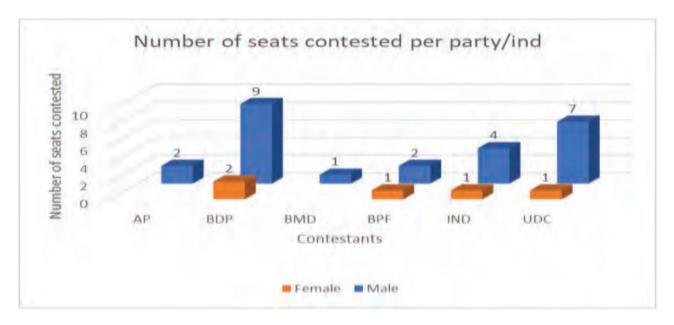


Figure 1 Number of Polling Districts Contested for by each Political Party and Independent Candidates

Polling



A citizen casting his vote.

Polling was generally peaceful and orderly during the by-elections. However, there were a few hurdles, such as in Sasakwe Polling Station, where voting began at 0800 hours and ended late at 2030 hours due to a defective ballot box lock, and in Rasesa Polling Station, where after closing the polling station, voting continued until 2000 hours due to a high voter turnout in the late afternoon. A total of ten (10) voter registration queries related to the roll were submitted and were promptly addressed to ensure that no citizen's right to vote was lost.

Voter turnout

The voter turnout for the 2021 by-elections per Polling District is depicted in Figure 2. The average turnout for the 11 by-elections was 45% of the Twenty Three Thousand Two Hundred and Eighty Five (23 285) who had registered. Moshupa East Polling District had the lowest (24%) voter turnout. This was partly due to flooding that had rendered some roads leading to some of the polling stations impassable.

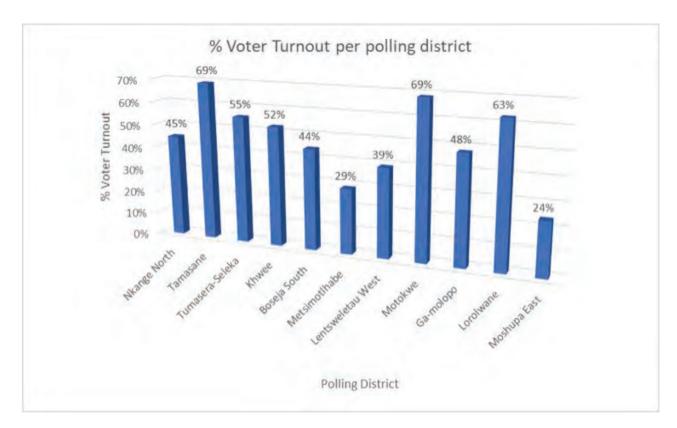


Figure 2: Percentage Voter Turnout per Polling District

Percentage votes disaggregated by gender indicate that 60% of votes were cast by females. This is not surprising given that more women than men registered to vote in the 2019 General Elections (Figure 3).

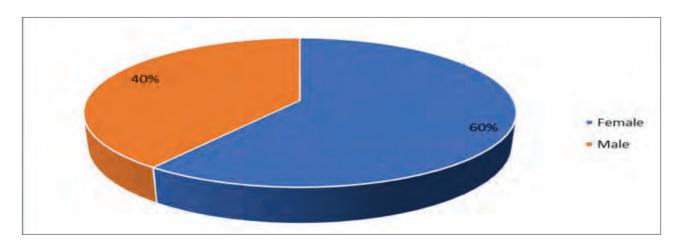


Figure 3: Percentage Voter turnout per gender

Further analysis of voting patterns by gender as reflected in Figure 4 reveals that the 60+ female age group cast the most votes at One Thousand Four hundred and Seven (1407), while the 18 to 25 age group cast the least votes at Three Hundred and two (352) out of Six Thousand Two Hundred and Thirty-Two (6232) votes cast by females.

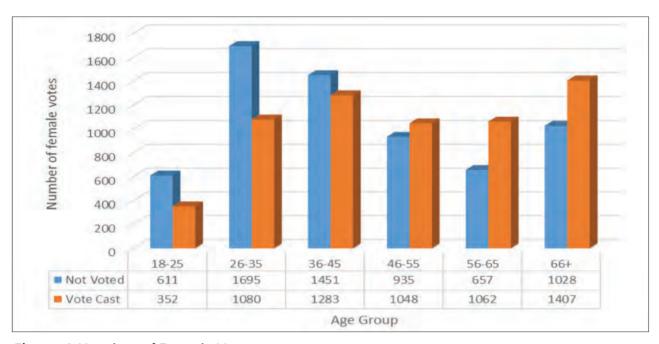


Figure 4: Number of Female Voters per age group

Male voters revealed a different picture, with the 36 to 45 years age group registering Nine Hundred and Twenty One (921) votes, while the 18 to 25 years age group registered only Two Hundred and Thirty Five (235) votes, as illustrated in Figure 5.

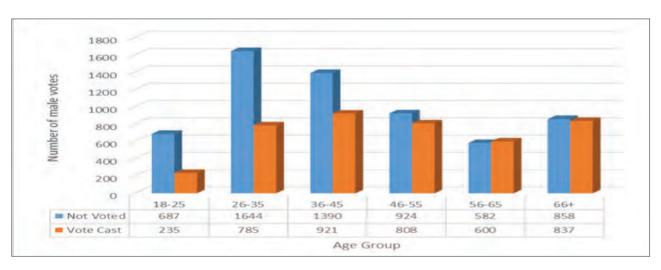


Figure 5: Number of Male voters per age group

The findings, when broken down by age group, confirm the long-held concern that fewer young people vote. Only Five Hundred and Eighty-Seven (587) young people (18-25) and One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-Five (1 865) of ages 26 to 35 voted in the by-elections, out of a total of the Twenty-Three Thousand Two Hundred and Eighty-Five (23 285) people who were eligible to vote. This represents 11 percent of the total vote and is quite low (Figure 6).

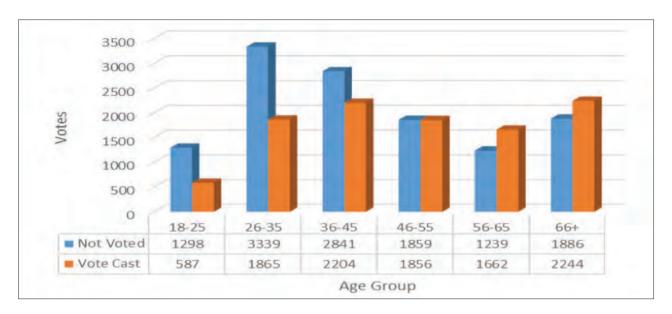


Figure 6: Votes cast per age group



POLL Staff in PPE

Strict adherence to Covid-19 Protocols was required to ensure the safety of poll staff and voters. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) was issued to all poll staff. Prior to voting, each voter was required to sanitise or wash their hands; wear facemasks; and maintain social distance. Pens used to mark on the ballot papers were disinfected after every use.

Security

Security is critical to the electoral process in that its adequate presence creates a conducive environment for conduct of free and fair elections. The Presiding Officer is empowered by Section 63 of the Electoral Act to regulate voter admission to the polling station and maintain order. Furthermore, Section 64 of the Electoral Act provides that a Police Officer may remove a person who is misbehaving at a polling station only on the Presiding Officer's order. Two Hundred and Ninety-Eight (298) Police Officers were stationed at Sixty-Six (63) local Polling Stations and Eleven (11) Counting Centres.

Media Access

Throughout the electoral process, the media play a critical role. Along with promoting public debate and educating citizens, they keep an eye on the process's integrity and can serve as a primary vehicle for accountability demands. Recognising the media's critical role in elections, local media journalists were accredited to cover the elections. Counting and Announcement of Result



Counting ongoing at Polling District

After the polls closed, Presiding Officers did a ballot paper account and transported ballot boxes to Counting Centres, where verification began prior to counting. This procedure ensured that the number of used and unused ballot papers corresponded to the number of ballot papers issued to the Presiding Officer by the Returning Officer before beginning of poll. Returning Officers then facilitated counting through their teams. As each ballot was sorted, tally sheets were used to count and record the corresponding number. This administrative arrangement has been shown to expedite the counting process and improve counting accuracy.

Section 77 of the Electoral Act empowers the Returning Officer to declare the results of the poll at the place of counting and then forward them to the Commission's Secretary. The results of the 11 by-elections were announced promptly and without incident, all within six (6) hours of the close of poll.

Results

The percentage of votes cast for each political party is depicted in Figure 7. The Umbrella for Democratic Change (UDC) received 42% of the popular vote, while the Botswana Democratic Party (BDP) received 39% of the vote. Alliance for Progressives (AP), Botswana Patriotic Front (BPF), and Botswana Movement for Democracy (BMD) each received less than 8%.

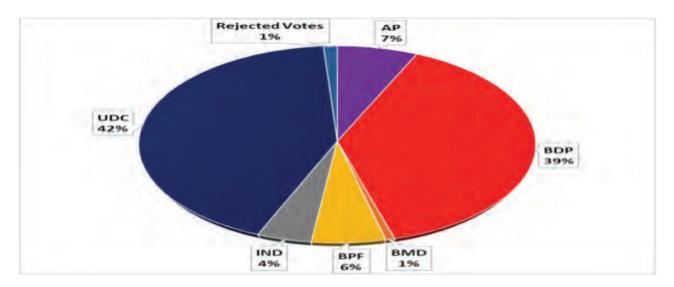


Figure 7: Percentage of Votes per Political Party

A further analysis of the results looking at the number of seats won by each party indicate that, the Umbrella for Democratic Change (UDC) won the majority of seats, with a total of six (6) seats out of eleven (11). With three (3) seats, the Botswana Democratic Party came in second, while the Alliance for Progressives and the Botswana Patriotic Front received one (1) each (Figure 8). No independent candidate won a seat.

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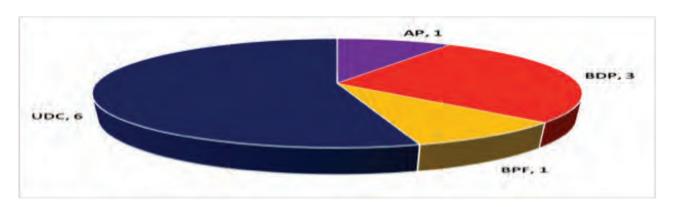


Figure 8: Number of Seats won per political party.

Figure 9 depicts the results for each contesting political party, with the results broken down even further by gender. From a total of five (5) women who contested, only one (1) was successful. A concerning trend, given that females register and vote at a higher rate than males.

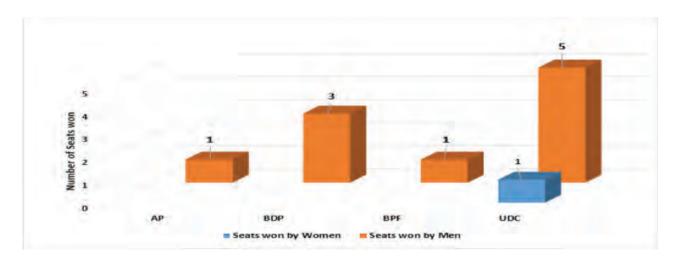


Figure 9: Local Government Seats Won by Gender

Figure 10 compares votes cast in the 2019 General Elections to those cast in the 2021 by-elections. There is no doubt that fewer voters turned out for the by-elections. This is a continuing trend that necessitates increased efforts to combat voter apathy.

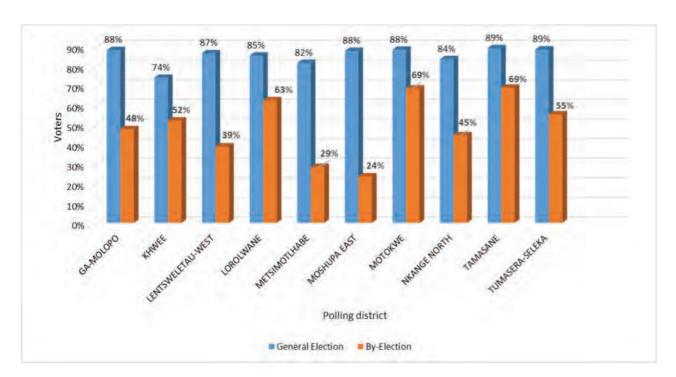


Figure 10: Comparative Votes Cast General Elections & 2021 by- Elections

Figure 11 illustrates the difference in the number of ballots that were rejected in the 2019 General Elections and the 2021 by-elections. The results of the comparison show that the number of rejected ballots in the 2021 by-elections is directly proportional to the number of rejected ballots in the 2019 General Elections. This necessitates increased voter education in order to significantly reduce the number of ballots that are rejected.

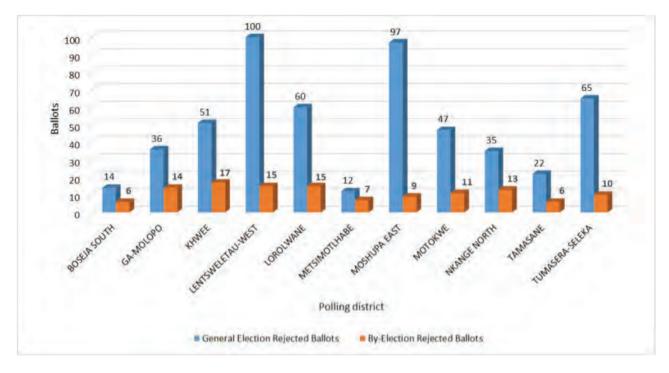


Figure 11: Comparative Rejected Ballots for the 2019 General Elections & 2021 By- Elections

Elections Observation

Election observation enables an assessment of the degree to which democratic election principles are being followed. The 2021 by- elections were observed by one local observer from the Ministers Fraternal stakeholder group.

Election Petitions

Election petitions are an important aspect of the democratic process. The electoral law empowers petitioners to challenge the return of a result as a consequence of allegations of irregularities, disqualification, corruption, or illegal practices. A petition to the High Court may be filed by a voter or candidate for an election in that constituency/polling district. The petition must be filed within thirty (30) days of the results being released and must be tried and decided within ninety (90) days of filing. There were no petitions filed challenging the results of the 2021 By-Elections.

Payment of Poll Staff

Poll staff must be duly compensated for services rendered via a basic overtime allowance calculated on the basis of hours worked. In accordance with legislative requirements, poll workers are compensated through an official payroll system that will determine the appropriate statutory deductions per person. As of 17th March 2022, the Commission had succeeded in paying all Poll staff members their dues.

Expenditure

Elections are inherently costly. A total budget of Three Million Five Hundred and Thirty Thousand, Seven Hundred and Eighty-Seven Pula, and Eighty-Seven Thebe (P3 530 787, 87) was earmarked for the 11 by elections. The total expenditure on electoral activities for the 12021 11 by-elections amounts to Three Million, Three Hundred and Ninety Nine Thousand, and Thirty One Pula and Twenty Six thebe (P3 399 031.26.). The expenditure covers a range of critical pre-election activities and materials required to ensure the smooth operation of free and credible elections, including publicity, workshops, and election materials.

Challenges

- There were few inaccuracies in the Election Roll used for the 2021 by-elections, as a result of the manual nature of collecting voter information for the 2019 General Election registration process. Some voters were mistakenly assigned to the wrong polling stations, while others were rejected. However, the Commission, assisted voters who showed up at polling stations, except for those who were rejected or missing from the roll. Automation of the registration process would be a long-term solution to this problem.
- Batswana's unsatisfactory electoral participation is a problem. This is especially true for the young people who turned out in comparatively small numbers in all of the polling districts affected.

Conclusion

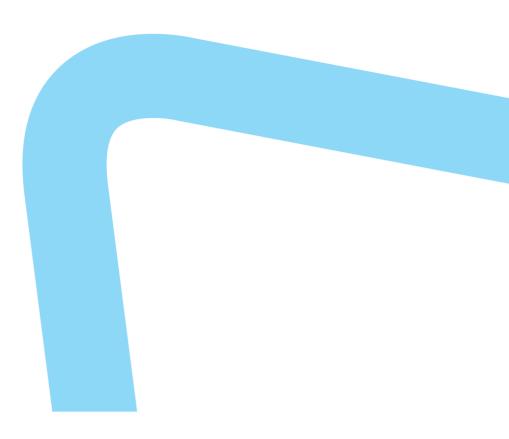
In conclusion, the 2021 by-election report sought to highlight critical aspects of the conduct of the by-elections of the 18th December, 2021. The report provides an in-depth analysis of what worked and what did not; as well as lessons learned for future elections in Botswana.

The elections were held in the impending cloud of the Covid-19 Pandemic. The Commission was successful in ensuring that established Covid-19 protocols were followed. The conduct of 11 elections in a single day imposed severe financial constraints, which threatened to jeopardize the elections' conduct.

The ten (10) received queries relating to the roll suggest that more work remains to be done, including the transition from manual to automated data collection during voter registration. This would help reduce the errors discovered in the election roll.

Additionally, efforts to increase citizen participation in the electoral process must be stepped up to address the low voter turnout identified. The 2021/2022 Voter Apathy Study will undoubtedly shed light on the underlying causes of citizen disengagement, allowing for the development of meaningful solutions. The continuation of rejected ballots necessitates increased voter education to ensure that voters have the knowledge necessary to vote effectively.

Generally, the report shows that, by and large, the by-elections were conducted successfully and the results were released without incident and therefore credible.



ANNEXURES

Local Government By-Election Results

Polling District Code	Polling District Name	First Name	Last Name	Gender	Party	Registered Voters	Votes Received	Valid Votes Cast	Rejected Votes	Total Votes Cast	% Voter Turnout	Win Margin
94	NKANGE NOF	ктн				2061		909	13	922	45%	284
		Nyatseng	Oliver	M	UDC		549					
		Tafila	Sophinah	F	BDP		265					
		Ernest N	Changate	M	IND		95					
135	TAMASANE					818		559	6	565	69%	51
		David	Ikanyeng	M	BPF		251					
		Okgethile	Ditshebo	M	IND		200					
		Motsholathebe Timba	Oduetse	M	BDP		108					
173	TUMASERA-S					2766		1523	10	1533	55%	199
		Batwaetse	Tumisang	M	BDP		784					
		Seitsemo H	Mogolodi	M	UDC		585					
		Ramolemo Shine	Onalekitso	M	BMD		78					
		Dikakanyo	Dithebe	M	IND	1000	76					
229	KHWEE	Martin of	Marta d'			1339		683	17	700	52%	167
		Mothusi	Molodi	M	UDC		425					
212		Chamme	Kelebekae	M	BDP	0004	258	4050	•	4000	4.40/	000
249	BOSEJA SOU	Gomolemo Mabine	Gouwe			2864	0.40	1256	6	1262	44%	368
		Charles T	Ntshole	M	UDC		812					
328	METSIMOTLH		NUSTICIE	M	BDP	2598	444	734	7	741	29%	19
320	WEISHWOILE	Moremi Victor	Dingalo	M	BDP	2390	334	134	ı	741	25 /0	19
		Moamogwe	Keaoleboga I	M	AP		315					
		Neo	Kgope	F	IND		66					
		Kutlwano	Rathari	M	IND		19					
358	LENTSWELET			IVI	IND	1787	13	682	15	697	39%	126
000	LLINIONLLL	Tolobu	Court	M	AP		404				0070	
		Rapula	Maitewa	М	BDP		278					
372	MOTOKWE	•			DD1	2227	2.0	1516	11	1527	69%	136
		Maphale Malaki	Alector	M	UDC		826					
		Dikomane	Olebogile	М	BDP		690					
396	GA-MOLOPO					2221		1048	14	1062	48%	351
		Bantatetse	Kgotlaetsile	М	UDC		604					
		Moacwi	Tebogo	М	BDP		253					
		Keogotsitse Marea	Botlhapile	F	BPF		191					
400	LOROLWANE					1292		793	15	808	63%	143
		Motsumi	Keiterile	F	UDC		380					
		Seakgo Boitumelo	Nnuku	F	BDP		237					
		Tsiripane	Dodo	M	BPF		176					
429	MOSHUPA EA					3312		777	9	786	24%	125
		Mosanako	Lentswe	M	BDP		451					
		Monametsi Makgobela K	Otsholeng	M	UDC		326					

Local Government Percentage Votes

Polling District Code	Polling District Name	First Name	Last Name	Gender	Party	Total Votes Cast	Votes Received	% Voter
94	Nkange North					922		
		Nyatseng	Oliver	М	UDC		549	60%
		Tafila	Sophinah	F	BDP		265	29%
		Ernest N	Changate	М	IND		95	10%
		Rejected Votes					13	1%
135	Tamasane					565		
		David	Ikanyeng	М	BPF		251	44%
		Okgethile	Ditshebo	М	IND		200	35%
		Motsholathebe Timba	Oduetse	М	BDP		108	19%
		Rejected Votes					6	1%
173	Tumasera-Sel	eka				1533		
		Batwaetse	Tumisang	М	BDP		784	51%
		Seitsemo H	Mogolodi	М	UDC		585	38%
		Ramolemo Shine	Onalekitso	М	BMD		78	5%
		Dikakanyo	Dithebe	М	IND		76	5%
		Rejected Votes					10	1%
229	Khwee					700		
		Mothusi	Molodi	М	UDC		425	61%
		Chamme	Kelebekae	M	BDP		258	37%
		Rejected Votes					17	2%
249	Boseja South					1262		
		Gomolemo Mabine	Gouwe	М	UDC		812	64%
		Charles T	Ntshole	М	BDP		444	35%
		Rejected Votes					6	0%
328	Metsimotlhab					741		
		Moremi Victor	Dingalo	М	BDP		334	45%
		Moamogwe	Keaoleboga I	M	AP		315	43%
		Neo	Kgope	F	IND		66	9%
		Kutlwano	Rathari	M	IND		19	3%
		Rejected Votes					7	1%
358	Lentsweletau					697		
		Tolobu	Court	М	AP		404	58%
		Rapula	Maitewa	М	BDP		278	40%
		Rejected Votes					15	2%
372	Motokwe		A1 /			1527		
		Maphale Malaki	Alector	М	UDC		826	54%
		Dikomane	Olebogile	М	BDP		690	45%
		Rejected Votes					11	1%
396	Ga-molopo	Destable	Keedlest "			1062		
		Bantatetse	Kgotlaetsile	M	UDC			
		Moacwi	Tebogo	M	BDP			
		Keogotsitse Marea	Botlhapile	F	BPF			
		Rejected Votes						

Polling District Code	Polling District Name	First Name	Last Name	Gender	Party	Total Votes Cast	Votes Received	% Voter
400	Lorolwane					808		
		Motsumi	Keiterile	F	UDC		380	47%
		Seakgo Boitumelo	Nnuku	F	BDP		237	30%
		Tsiripane	Dodo	М	BPF		176	22%
		Rejected Votes					15	2%
429	Moshupa Eas	t				786		
		Mosanako	Lentswe	М	BDP		451	57%
		Monametsi Makgobela K	Otsholeng	М	UDC		326	41%
		Rejected Votes					9	1%

Local Government By-election Results by gender per Polling station

			Female	1			Male				
	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	F Total	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	M Total			
BOSEJA SOUTH		807	723	1530		795	539	1334	2864		
International Church		143	148	291		120	82	202	493		
Kgafela Primary School		158	92	250		145	70	215	465		
Matlhage Agriculture Office (Tent)		27	66	93		77	79	156	249		
Radikolo JSS		296	216	512		237	176	413	925		
Saint Faith Church		183	201	384		216	132	348	732		
GA-MOLOPO		562	630	1192		597	432	1029	2221		
Mokatako Primary School		150	72	222		147	48	195	417		
Molete Kgotla		54	35	89		63	26	89	178		
Molopo River JSS		58	70	128		48	45	93	221		
Pentecostal Protestant Church		110	144	254		101	109	210	464		
Phitshane Molopo Primary School		56	87	143		64	54	118	261		
Sebohelo Kgotla		33	28	61		27	39	66	127		
Sedibeng Primary School		101	194	295		147	111	258	553		
KHWEE	185	205	265	655	220	214	250	684	133		
Chaichane Tent	165			165	190			190	355		
Goditshaa Tent		2	9	11		8	13	21	32		
Khwee Primary School		118	117	235		109	95	204	439		
Kodiba Tent	20			20	30			30	50		
Mophane Tent		80	137	217		92	139	231	448		
Tshoswane (Tent)		5	2	7		5	3	8	15		
LENTSWELETAU WEST		539	442	981		551	255	806	178		
Lentsweletau Council Offices		197	137	334		146	71	217	551		
Sasakwe VDC Huts		66	35	101		85	25	110	211		
Sekhukwane VDC Huts		22	39	61		29	24	53	114		
Tent at Boseja		167	184	351		203	118	321	672		
Tent at Ditshoso (Marukurung)		87	47	134		88	17	105	239		
LOROLWANE		215	508	723		269	300	569	129		
JN-16		8	14	22		24	30	54	76		
Lorolwane Kgotla		120	300	420		152	161	313	733		
Lorolwane Primary School		87	194	281		93	109	202	483		
METSIMOTLHABE		891	395	1286		966	346	1312	259		
Community Hall		267	98	365		291	86	377	742		
Ikageng JSS		115	75	190		101	58	159	349		
Metsimotlhabe Primary School		206	86	292		220	79	299	591		
Monageng Cattle Crush		58	71	129		117	60	177	306		
UCCSA Church		245	65	310		237	63	300	610		
MOSHUPA EAST		1453	536	1989		1073	250	1323	331		
Bakoko Primary School		176	58	234		111	32	143	377		
Gatsalatladi Tent		124	47	171		88	16	104	275		
Kgabosetso Primary School		565	207	772		403	92	495	126		
Modimele Kgotla		169	61	230		122	15	137	367		
Moshupa Community Hall		125	46	171		99	32	131	302		
		146	33	179		103	25	128	307		
Moshupa Main Kgotla									+		
Phuting Kgotla		85	46	131		72	17	89	220		

	Female Male								
	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	F Total	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	M Total	Grand Total
MOTOKWE		326	374	1148		374	705	1079	2227
Khekhenye Primary School		27	41	163		41	147	188	351
Motokwe Community Hall		108	141	276		141	158	299	575
Motokwe Primary School		93	75	305		75	139	214	519
Tsetseng Primary School		40	48	198		48	154	202	400
Tshwaane Primary School		58	69	206		69	107	176	382
NKANGE NORTH		609	530	1190		530	341	871	2061
Changate Primary School		132	109	266		109	74	183	449
Fungwane Kgotla (Tent)		73	71	143		71	40	111	254
Ndzonga Kgotla (Tent)		105	90	204		90	59	149	353
Nkange JSS		85	83	178		83	51	134	312
Nkange Primary School		181	137	308		137	63	200	508
Nyewele Kgotla (Tent)		33	40	91		40	54	94	185
TAMASANE		119	134	462		134	222	356	818
Maotokgonyane (Tent)		17	45	52		45	34	79	131
Tamasane Primary School		102	89	410		89	188	277	687
TUMASERA-SELEKA		743	490	1636		490	640	1130	2766
City Green Playground (Tent)		109	96	245		96	94	190	435
Mokoba ZCC (Tent)		93	64	199		64	115	179	378
Rasesa Kgotla (Tent)		84	53	192		53	77	130	322
Sedibana Standpipe (Tent)		79	56	174		56	77	133	307
Seleka Kgotla		58	43	144		43	56	99	243
Seleka Primary School		47	18	94		18	21	39	133
Sesholo JSS		31	12	60		12	27	39	99
Tumasera Kgotla		121	77	242		77	73	150	392
Tumasera Primary School		56	28	134		28	51	79	213
Tupswa Kgotla (Tent)		65	43	152		43	49	92	244
Grand Total	185	6469	5993	12792	220	5993	4280	10493	23285

Local Government		18-25			26-35			36-45			46-55			56-65			66+		
By-election Results by gender per Polling station	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	Grand Total															
BOSEJA SOUTH		153	60		456	182		349	283		340	340		162	205		142	192	2864
International Church		27	12		66	43		64	42		70	74		26	38		10	21	493
Kgafela Primary School		28	7		80	21		56	38		74	49		35	23		30	24	465
Matlhage Agriculture Office (Tent)		15	10		20	22		13	27		21	31		8	21		27	34	249
Radikolo JSS		43	18		169	46		118	93		106	111		64	75		33	49	925
Saint Faith Church		40	13		121	50		98	83		69	75		29	48		42	64	732
GA-MOLOPO		117	56		322	167		263	236		161	182		109	209		187	212	2221
Mokatako Primary School		21	2		69	10		68	20		48	20		35	32		56	36	417
Molete Kgotla		11	1		37	8		22	10		21	12		10	21		16	9	178
Molopo River JSS		16	4		21	14		26	27		16	24		11	21		16	25	221
Pentecostal Protestant Church		23	8		65	41		51	52		18	50		21	48		33	54	464
Phitshane Molopo Primary School		9	5		36	27		26	38		19	19		9	34		21	18	261
Sebohelo Kgotla		6	2		7	8		14	17		9	13		8	9		16	18	127
Sedibeng Primary School		31	34		87	59		56	72		30	44		15	44		29	52	553
KHWEE	69	74	62	123	154	159	83	82	126	72	34	63	40	48	60	18	27	45	1339
Chaichane Tent	60			103			78			62			36			16			355
Goditshaa Tent		2	5		2	6		4	6		2	3			2				32
Khwee Primary School		39	24		75	50		50	52		25	33		26	36		12	17	439
Kodiba Tent	9			20			5			10			4			2			50
Mophane Tent		33	33		73	102		25	67		7	26		19	21		15	27	448
Tshoswane (Tent)					4	1		3	1			1		3	1			1	15
LENTSWELETAU WEST		103	29		260	118		270	158		157	160		129	120		171	112	1787
Lentsweletau Council Offices		35	9		86	35		88	57		52	47		36	30		46	30	551
Sasakwe VDC Huts		9			44	2		30	11		15	14		21	21		32	12	211
Sekhukwane VDC Huts		1	4		7	11		12	18		7	9		4	11		20	10	114
Tent at Boseja		43	15		86	60		89	61		67	74		43	47		42	45	672
Tent at Ditshoso (Marukurung)		15	1		37	10		51	11		16	16		25	11		31	15	239
LOROLWANE		88	74		148	205		110	185		64	141		38	109		36	94	1292
JN-16		9	4		7	11		11	16		3	9		1	2		1	2	76
Lorolwane Kgotla		40	41		85	126		60	89		38	77		26	66		23	62	733
Lorolwane Primary School		39	29		56	68		39	80		23	55		11	41		12	30	483
METSIMOTLHABE		199	29		604	141		468	190		275	159		185	122		126	100	2598
Community Hall		57	5		171	38		144	36		79	48		73	41		34	16	742
Ikageng JSS		18	8		82	27		62	43		35	24		9	14		10	17	349
Metsimotlhabe Primary School		32	5		137	29		100	50		78	35		38	20		41	26	591
Monageng Cattle Crush		36	8		48	27		48	31		18	29		12	18		13	18	306
UCCSA Church		56	3		166	20		114	30		65	23		53	29		28	23	610
MOSHUPA EAST		225	23		597	92		665	133		439	160		267	169		333	209	3312
Bakoko Primary School		25	1		71	15		73	14		65	20		26	18		27	22	377
Gatsalatladi Tent		23	4		63	8		50	9		29	15		21	13		26	14	275
Kgabosetso Primary School		76	9		217	33		266	61		163	60		106	58		140	78	1267
Modimele Kgotla		24	2		76	6		60	12		53	13		33	16		45	27	367
Moshupa Community Hall		17	1		60	12		58	15		32	16		35	17		22	17	302
Moshupa Main Kgotla		26	2		53	4		74	8		43	16		21	14		32	14	307
Phuting Kgotla		25	1		26	9		44	6		27	8		13	15		22	24	220
Tent at Goo-Kodisa		9	3		31	5		40	8		27	12		12	18		19	13	197
MOTOKWE		82	133		225	413		143	409		99	207		60	175		91	190	2227
Khekhenye Primary School		14	33		26	93		9	70		9	36		5	20		5	31	351
Motokwe Community Hall		28	22		78	89		53	94		29	43		19	36		42	42	575
Motokwe Primary School		16	23		55	77		34	80		25	56		15	57		23	58	519
Tsetseng Primary School		7	34		26	80		17	90		17	40		11	32		10	36	400
Tshwaane Primary School		17	21		40	74		30	75		19	32		10	30		11	23	382

Local Government		18-25			26-35			36-45			46-55			56-65			66+		
By-election Results by gender per Polling station	Missing	Didn't Vote	Vote Cast	Grand Total															
NKANGE NORTH		185	27		334	110		253	150		137	140		83	199		147	296	2061
Changate Primary School		24	6		71	16		52	31		29	35		18	45		47	75	449
Fungwane Kgotla (Tent)		20	2		36	13		23	18		13	18		20	25		32	34	254
Ndzonga Kgotla (Tent)		34	1		61	21		43	23		20	21		10	40		27	52	353
Nkange JSS		42	11		43	20		44	22		17	22		13	32		9	37	312
Nkange Primary School		55	3		102	31		79	35		48	29		15	31		19	61	508
Nyewele Kgotla (Tent)		10	4		21	9		12	21		10	15		7	26		13	37	185
TAMASANE		25	42		65	85		57	120		40	99		32	111		34	108	818
Maotokgonyane (Tent)		5	4		15	9		13	12		16	23		6	12		7	9	131
Tamasane Primary School		20	38		50	76		44	108		24	76		26	99		27	99	687
TUMASERA-SELEKA		56	84		278	291		267	349		206	261		187	245		239	303	2766
City Green Playground (Tent)		10	15		47	40		47	62		42	35		23	34		36	44	435
Mokoba ZCC (Tent)		5	12		40	43		47	57		27	45		18	34		20	30	378
Rasesa Kgotla (Tent)		9	9		21	37		22	45		20	23		35	31		30	40	322
Sedibana Standpipe (Tent)		4	9		30	29		21	35		29	35		24	33		27	31	307
Seleka Kgotla		4	5		24	32		20	21		18	16		8	25		27	43	243
Seleka Primary School			4		9	9		16	12		10	16		12	11		18	16	133
Sesholo JSS			2		3	11		13	14		7	12		11	8		9	9	99
Tumasera Kgotla		12	16		58	43		43	49		21	26		26	26		38	34	392
Tumasera Primary School		8	4		18	25		21	24		10	26		13	23		14	27	213
Tupswa Kgotla (Tent)		4	8		28	22		17	30		22	27		17	20		20	29	244
Grand Total	69	1307	619	123	3443	1963	83	2927	2339	72	1952	1912	40	1300	1724	18	1533	1861	23285



Telephone: 3612400 Fax: 3900581/3905205/3190889 Toll Free: 0800 600 710

Plot 63726, Acumen Park (Between Grant Thornton and Twin Towers Offices) Private Bag 00284, Gaborone

